Names:		

**Group Activity 7** 

**Due:** In class, September 14<sup>th</sup>

1. Three nuclei have the state energies and  $J^{\pi}$  below. If nucleus A were able to  $\alpha$ -decay to nucleus B, would you expect this to have a shorter or longer half-life than if nucleus A were instead able to  $\alpha$ -decay to nucleus C? Why?

	Energy [keV]			
Nucleus	0+ g.s.	1st 2+	1st 4+	
Α	0	250	500	
В	0	500	1000	
C	0	250	830	

2. What's the kinetic energy of the  $\alpha$  emitted from  $^{146}\text{Sm}$ ?

3. Assuming a typical value for the  $\alpha$  preformation factor and similar assault frequencies and tunneling probabilities, estimate the branching ratio of <sup>14</sup>C decay to  $\alpha$  decay for <sup>222</sup>Ra. Compare this to the decay branching listed by the NNDC.